

KPMG d.o.o. Beograd Milutina Milankovića 1J 11070 Belgrade Serbia +381 (0)11 20 50 500

TRANSLATION

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO, BEOGRAD

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO, BEOGRAD (the "Company"), which comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 December 2024;
- the income statement for the period from 1 January to 31 December 2024; and
- notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting regulations effective in the Republic of Serbia.

Registration No.: 17148656 Tax Identity No.: 100058593 Bank Acc.: 265-1100310000190-61



Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia and applicable auditing standards in the Republic of Serbia. Our responsibilities under those regulations are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Republic of Serbia and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the accounting regulations effective in the Republic of Serbia, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia and applicable auditing standards in the Republic of Serbia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia and applicable auditing standards in the Republic of Serbia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control:
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern:
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG d.o.o., Beograd

Signed on the Serbian original

Sanja Kočović Licensed Certified Auditor

Belgrade, 20 March 2025

This is a translation of the original Independent Auditor's Report issued in the Serbian language.

All due care has been taken to produce a translation that is as faithful as possible to the original.

However, if any questions arise related to interpretation of the information

contained in the translation, the Serbian version of the document shall prevail.

We assume no responsibility for the correctness of the translation of the Company's financial statements.



Authorized translation from Serbian language

Registration number: 17564668 Name: IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO, BEOGRAD (SAVSKI VENAC)

Registered office: Belgrade-Savski Venac, Durmitorska 18

Activity code 6810 TIN 103429208

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31/12/2024

- in thousands RSD -

			тт			usands RSD	
				Amount			
Account group, account	ITEM	ADP	Note number	Current year	Previou Closing balance 31/12/2023	Opening balance 01/01/2023	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	ASSETS				-		
00	A. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL UNPAID	0001		0	0	C	
	B. FIXED ASSETS (0003 + 0009 + 0017 + 0018 + 0028)	0002		578,014	677,665	(
01	I. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (0004 + 0005 + 0006 + 0007 + 0008)	0003		1,123	1,641	(
010	1. Investments in development	0004		0	0	(
011, 012, and 014	 Concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks and service marks, software and other intangible assets 	0005	8	1,123	1,641	C	
013	3. Goodwill	0006		0	0	(
015 and 016	4. Leased intangible assets and intangible assets in progress	0007		0	0	C	
017	6. Advances paid for intangible assets	0008		0	0	(
02	II. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (0010 + 0011 + 0012 + 0013 + 0014 + 0015 + 0016)	0009		576,891	676,024	(
020, 021 and 022	1. Land and buildings	0010	8	19,520	20,167	(
023	2. Plant and equipment	0011	8	1,024	1,370	(
024	3. Investment property	0012	8	528,381	631,097	(
025 and 027	4. Property, plant and equipment leased and property, plant and equipment in progress	0013	8	27,966	23,390	(
026 and 028	5. Other property, plant and equipment and investments in property, plant and equipment not owned	0014		. 0	0	. (
029 (part)	Advances paid for property, plant and equipment in the country	0015		0	0	(
029 (part)	7. Advances paid for property, plant and equipment abroad	0016		0	0	(
03	III. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS	0017		0	0	(
04 and 05	IV. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS AND LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES (0019 + 0020 + 0021 + 0022 + 0023 + 0024 + 0025 + 0026 + 0027)	0018		0	0		
040 (part), 041 (part) and 042 (part)	Equity investments in legal entities (except for equity method investments)	0019		0	0	(

040 (part), 041 (part) and 042 (part)	2. Equity method investments	0020	0	0	0
043, 050 (part) and 051 (part)	3. Long-term investments in parent, subsidiary and other affiliates and long-term receivables from those entities - domestic	0021	0	0	0
044, 050 (part), 051 (part)	4. Long-term investments in parent, subsidiary and other affiliates and long-term receivables from those entities – abroad	0022	0	0	0
045 (part) and 053 (part)	5. Long-term investments (loans granted) – domestic	0023	0	0	0
045 (part) and 053 (part)	6. Long-term investments (loans granted) - abroad	0024	0	0	0
046	7. Long-term financial investments (securities valued at amortized cost)	0025	0	0	0
047	8. Redeemed equity shares and redeemed equity interests	0026	0	0	0
048, 052, 054, 055 and 056	Other long-term financial investments and other long-term receivables	0027	0	0	0
28 (part), except 288	V. LONG-TERM PREPAYMENTS AND ACCRUED INCOME	0028	0	0	0
288	V. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	0029	0	0	0
	G. CURRENT ASSETS (0031 + 0037 + 0038 + 0044 + 0048 + 0057 + 0058)	0030	149,974	93,163	0
Class 1, except account group 14	I. INVENTORIES (0032 + 0033 + 0034 + 0035 + 0036)	0031	87	2,242	0
10	Material, spare parts, tools and small inventories	0032	0	0	0
11 and 12	2. Work in progress and finished products	0033	0	0	0
13	3. Goods	0034	0	0	0
150, 152 and 154	4. Advances paid for inventories and services - domestic	0035	87	2,242	0
151, 153 and 155	5. Advances paid for inventories and services - abroad	0036	0	0	0
14	II. FIXED ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	0037	0	0	0
20	III. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (0039 + 0040 + 0041 + 0042 + 0043)	0038	2,228	2,617	0
204	1. Trade receivables - domestic	0039	2,228	2,617	0
205	2. Trade receivables - abroad	0040	0	0	0
200 and 202	3. Trade receivables, domestic – parent company, subsidiaries and other related parties	0041	0	0	0
201 and 203	4. Trade receivables, foreign – parent company, subsidiaries and other related parties	0042	0	0	0
206	4. Other accounts receivables	0043	0	0	0
21, 22 and 27	IV. OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES (0045 + 0046 + 0047)	0044	1,154	166	0

21, 22 except				Т		
223 and 224,	1. Other receivables	0045		1,154	166	0
and 27	1. Other receivables	0010		1,202	200	_
223	2. Receivables for overpaid income tax	0046		0	0	0
223		0040		0		
224	3. Receivables for overpaid other taxes	0047		0	0	0
	and contributions			-		
	V. SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL		İ	00 704		0
23	INVESTMENTS (0049 + 0050 + 0051 +	0048		89,731	0	0
	0052 + 0053 + 0054 + 0055 + 0056)					
230	1. Short-term loans and advances –	0049		0	0	0
230	parent and subsidiaries	0047				
221	2. Short-term loans and advance s -	0050	10	0	0	0
231	other related parties	0050	10		U	U
	3. Short-term loans, credits and	00=4	10	00 =04		0
232, 234 (part)	advances – domestic	0051	10	89,731	0	0
	4. Short-term loans, credits and					
233, 234 (part)	advances – foreign	0052		0	0	0
225	5. Securities valued at amortized cost	0053		0	0	0
235		0033		1 0		- 0
236 (part)	6. Financial assets at fair value	0054		0	0	0
	through profit and loss		-	-		
237	7. Redeemed equity shares and	0055	ŀ	0	0	0
	redeemed equity investments					
236 (part), 238	8. Other short-term financial	0056		0	0	0
and 239	investments	0000		Ů		
24	VI. CASH AND CASH	0057	9	55,876	87,053	0
24	EQUIVALENTS	0057	9	33,670	67,033	0
28 (part),	VII. SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS	0050		000	1 005	0
except 288	AND ACCRUED INCOME	0058		898	1,085	"
Checkter	D. TOTAL ASSETS = OPERATING	2250		707 000	EE0 000	
	ASSETS (0001 + 0002 + 0029 + 0030)	0059		727,988	770,828	0
88	DJ. OFF-BALANCE SHEET ASSETS	0060		0	0	0
00	LIABILITIES	0000				
	A. EQUITY (0402 + 0403 + 0404 + 0405		1			
	$+ 0406 - 0407 + 0408 + 0411 - 0412) \ge 0$	0401		710,435	0	0
20 1206		0402	11	2,933,144	2,115,574	0
30, except 306	I. SHARE CAPITAL		11	2,933,144	2,113,374	
31	II. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL UNPAID	0403	-			
306	III. SHARE PREMIUM	0404		0	0	
32	IV. RESERVES	0405		0	0	C
330 and credit						
balance of	RESERVES AND UNREALIZED					
account 331,	GAINS FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS	0406	11	0	86	
332, 333, 334,	AND OTHER COMPONENTS OF	0400	111			
335, 336 and	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
337						
Debit balance	VI. UNREALIZED LOSSES FROM					
of account	FINANCIAL ASSETS AND OTHER					
331, 332, 333,	COMPONENTS OF	0407	11	134	C	
334, 335, 336	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-			
and 337	COM REFER OF A PROPERTY					
34	VII. RETAINED EARNINGS		1	0	0	
34		0408				
212	(0409 + 0410)		+	0	(
340	1. Retained earnings from previous	0409		"	,	'
	years		-	 	 	
341	2. Retained earnings from current year	0410		0	(-
	VIII. NON-CONTROLLING					
	INTEREST	0411		0		
35	IX. LOSS (0413-0414)	0412		2,222,575		
350	1. Previous year losses	0413	11	2,135,521	2,040,145	5

351	2. Current year losses	0414	11	87,054	95,376	0
	B. LONG-TERM PROVISIONS AND NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (0416 + 0420 + 0428)	0415		661	504	0
40	I. LONG-TERM PROVISIONS (0417+ 0418 + 0419)	0416		661	402	0
404	Provisions for salaries and other employee benefits	0417		661	402	0
400	2. Provisions for warranty costs	0418		0	0	0
40, except 400 and 404	3. Other long-term provisions	0419		0	0	0
41	41. II. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (0421 + 0422 + 0423 + 0424 + 0425 + 0426 + 0427)	0420		0	102	0
410	1. Liabilities convertible into capital	0421		0	0	0
411 (part) and 412 (part)	2. Long-term loans and other non- current liabilities to parent, subsidiaries and other related parties – domestic	0422		0	0	0
411 (part) and 412 (part)	3. Long-term loans and other non- current liabilities to parent, subsidiaries and other related parties – abroad	0423		0	0	0
414 and 416 (part)	4. Long-term loans, credits and lease liabilities - domestic	0424		0	102	0
415 and 416 (part)	5. 4. Long-term loans, credits and lease liabilities - abroad	0425		0	0	0
413	6. Liabilities for issued securities	0426		0	0	0
419	7. Other non-current liabilities	0427		0	0	0
49 (part), except 498 and 495 (part)	III. LONG-TERM ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	0428		0	0	0
498	V. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	0429	7	8,958	10,528	0
495 (part)	G. LONG-TERM DEFERRED INCOME AND RECEIVED DONATIONS	0430				
	D. SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS AND CURRENT LIABILITIES (0432 + 0433 + 0441+ 0442 + 0449 + 0453 + 0454)	0431		7,934	779,657	0
467	I. SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS	0432		690	786	0
42, except 427	II. CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (0434 + 0435 + 0436 + 0437 + 0438 + 0439 + 0440)	0433		0	766,334	0
420 (part) and 421 (part)		0434		0	0	0
420 (part) and 421 (part)	Liabilities for loans from parent, subsidiaries and other related parties - foreign	0435	12	0	766,334	0

422 (part) , 424 (part), 425 (part) and 429	3. Liabilities for loans and borrowings from entities other than domestic banks	0436		0	0	0
(part)						
422 (part), 424	4. Liabilities for loans and from					
(part), 425	domestic banks	0437		0	0	0
(part) and 429		0107				
(part)						
423, 424 (part),	5. Loans, borrowings and liabilities –					0
425 (part) and	foreign	0438		0	0	0
429 (part)		0420				
426	6. Liabilities for short-term securities	0439				
428	7. Liabilities for financial derivatives	0440				
430	III. RECEIVED ADVANCES,	0444	10	6 004	11 000	0
	DEPOSITS AND GUARANTEE	0441	13	6,024	11,089	0
	DEPOSITS					
43, except 430	IV. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE (0443 +	0442		667	868	0
124 1420	0444 + 0445 + 0446 + 0447 + 0448)					
431 and 433	1. Trade payables – parent,	0442		0	0	0
	subsidiaries and other related parties,	0443		U U	٥	U
100 1101	domestic		-			70.5
432 and 434	2. Trade payables – parent,	0444		o	0	0
	subsidiaries and other related parties,	0444		ا	٥	U
405	foreign	0445		667	727	0
435	3. Trade payables – domestic	0445		007	141	0
436	Trade payables, foreign Liabilities for bonds	0447		0	0	0
439 (part)		0447	-	0	0	0
439 (part)	6. Other operating liabilities V. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES (045		-	0	0	
44, 45, 46,						
except 467,47 and 48	+ 0451 + 0452)	0449		502	577	0
and 40						
44, 45 and 46,	1. Other current liabilities					_
except 467	1. Other current habitates	0450		0	0	0
47, 48, except	2. Liabilities for value added tax and			500		0
481	other public revenues	0451		502	577	0
481	3. Liabilities for corporate income tax	0452		0	0	0
427	VI. LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS					
12/	INTENDED FOR SALE AND ASSETS				0	
	FROM DISCONTINUED	0453		0	0	0
	OPERATIONS					
49 (part),	VII. SHORT-TERM ACCRUALS AND	0.454		. [1	2	
except 498	DEFERRED INCOME	0454		51	3	0
	DJ. LOSS ABOVE CAPITAL (0415					
	$+0429 + 0430 + 0431 - 0059 \ge 0 = (0407)$	0455	11	0	19,861	0
	+0412 - 00402 - 0403 - 0404 - 0405 -	0433	11	"	17,001	
	0406 - 0408 - 0411) ≥ 0					
	E. TOTAL LIABILITIES (0401 + 0415	0456		727,988	770,828	0
	+ 0429 + 0430 + 0431 - 0455)	0100		,,,,,,,	,.20	
89	ZH. OFF-BALANCE SHEET	0457		0	0	0
	LIABILITIES			L	l	

In <u>Belgrade</u> Date 20th March 2025 Legal representative
[personal signature]
[round seal with the inscription:
IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS AD BEOGRAD]

Registration number: 17564668

Name: IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO, BEOGRAD (SAVSKI VENAC)

Registered office: Belgrade-Savski Venac, Durmitorska 18

Activity code 6810 TIN 103429208

INCOME STATEMENT

for the period from 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024

				- in tho	usands RSI
Account group,				Amo	
account	ITEM	ADP	Note	Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
	A. OPERATING INCOME (1002 + 1005 + 1008 + 1009 - 1010 + 1011 + 1012)	1001		97,542	538,913
60	I. INCOME FROM SALE OF GOODS (1003 + 1004)	1002		71,452	516,211
600, 602 and 604	1. Income from sale of goods in local market	1003	4	71,452	516,211
601, 603 and 605	2. Income from sale of goods in foreign markets	1004		0	0
61	II. INCOME FROM SALE OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (1006 + 1007)	1005		0	0
610, 612 and 614	1. Income from sale of products and services in local market	1006		0	0
611, 613 and 615	2. Income from sale of products and services in foreign markets	1007		0	0
62	III. INCOME FROM OWN USE OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES	1008		0	0
630	IV. INCREASE IN THE VALUE OF INVENTORIES OF UNFINISHED AND FINISHED PRODUCTS	1009		0	0
631	V. DECREASE IN THE VALUE OF INVENTORIES OF UNFINISHED AND FINISHED PRODUCTS	1010		0	0
64 and 65	VI. OTHER OPERATING INCOME	1011	4	11,747	12,016
68, except 683, 685 and 686	VII. INCOME FROM VALUATION ADJUSTMENT OF ASSETS (OTHER THAN FINANCIAL ASSETS)	1012	4	14,343	10,686
tí	B. OPERATING EXPENSES (1014 + 1015 + 1016 + 1020 + 1021 + 1022 + 1023 + 1024)	1013		155,238	599,007
50	I. COST OF GOODS SOLD	1014	5	87,104	526,660
51	II. COSTS OF MATERIAL, FUEL AND ENERGY	1015	5	687	372
52	III. COSTS OF SALARIES, BENEFITS AND OTHER PERSONAL EXPENSES (1017 + 1018 + 1019)	1016		17,531	18,323
520	1. Costs of salaries and benefits	1017	5	14,388	15,361
521	2. Costs of taxes and contributions charged on salaries and benefits	1018	5	2,180	2,171
52, except 520 and 521	3. Other personal expenses and contributions	1019	5	963	791
540	IV. AMORTIZATION AND DEPRECIATION COSTS	1020	5	1,701	1,258

	V COCTC OF VALUE TO A DAY OF THE	1		Ţ	
50 over-t 500	V. COSTS OF VALUATION ADJUSTMENT				
58, except 583,		1021	5	27,928	29,115
585 and 586	ASSETS)			27,720	27,110
53	VI. COSTS OF PRODUCTION SERVICES	1022	5	6,636	6,482
54, except 540	VII. COSTS OF PROVISIONS	1023	5	40	38
55	VIII. INTANGIBLE COSTS	1024	5	13,611	16,759
	V. OPERATING PROFIT (1001 – 1013) ≥ 0	1025	13	0	10,739
	G. OPERATING LOSS (1013 – 1001) ≥ 0	1026	1	57,696	60,094
	D. FINANCIAL INCOME (1028 + 1029+		1	37,090	00,074
	1030 +1031)	1027		5,322	5,043
	I. FINANCIAL INCOME FROM PARENT,				
660 and 661	SUBSIDIARIES AND OTHER RELATED	1028	6	1,906	4,970
	PARTIES				
662	II. INTEREST INCOME	1029	6	2,184	2
663 and 664	III. FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAINS AND	1030	6	1,232	71
	POSITIVE CURRENCY CLAUSE EFFECTS		0	1,202	/1
665 and 669	IV. OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME	1031		0	0
	DJ. FINANCIAL EXPENSES (1033 + 1034 + 1035 + 1036)	1032		37,396	49,146
	I. FINANCIAL EXPENSES FROM				
560 and 561	RELATIONS WITH PARENT,	1000		2 (272	
360 and 361	SUBSIDIARIES AND OTHER RELATED	1033	6	36,070	49,146
	PARTIES				
562	II. INTEREST EXPENSES	1034	6	1	15
	III. FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOSSES AND				
563 and 564	NEGATIVE CURRENCY CLAUSE	1035	6	1,325	240
	EFFECTS				
565 and 569	IV. OTHER FINANCIAL EXPENSES	1036		0	0
	E. FINANCIAL GAINS (1027 – 1032) \geq 0	1037		0	0
	ZH. FINANCIAL LOSSES (1032 – 1027) \geq 0	1038		32,074	44,358
	Z. INCOME FROM VALUE				
683, 685 and		1039		0	0
686	CARRIED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH	1007			U
	PROFIT AND LOSS I. COSTS OF VALUATION				1100 11,720.
583, 585 and	ADJUSTMENT OF OTHER ASSETS				
586	MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	1040		0	0
000	THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS				
67	J. OTHER INCOME	1041		1,900	1,648
57	K. OTHER EXPENSES	1042	-	755	1,355
	L. TOTAL INCOME (1001 + 1027 + 1039 +				
	1041)	1043		104,764	545,604
	LJ. TOTAL EXPENSES (1013 + 1032 + 1040 + 1042)	1044		193,389	649,763
	M. PROFIT FROM CONTINUING				
	OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX (1043 - 0144)	1045		0	0
	≥0				
	N. LOSS FROM CONTINUING				
	OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX (1044 - 1043)	1046		88,625	104,159
	≥ 0				

	200000000000000000000000000000000000000				
69-59	NJ. NET PROFIT FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND CORRECTION OF ERRORS FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	1047		0	0
59-69	O. NET LOSSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND CORRECTION OF ERRORS FROM PREVIOUS YEARS	1048		0	0
	P. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (1045 - 1046 + 1047 - 1048) ≥ 0	1049		0	0
	R. LOSS BEFORE TAX (1046 - 1045 + 1048 - 1047) ≥ 0	1050		88,625	104,159
	S. INCOME TAX				
721	I. TAX EXPENSE OF THE PERIOD	1051		0	0
722, debit balance	II. DEFERRED TAX EXPENSES OF THE PERIOD	1052		0	0
722 credit balance	III. DEFERRED TAX INCOME OF THE PERIOD	1053	7	1,571	8,783
723	T. PAID MANAGEMENT EARNINGS	1054		0	0
	TJ. NET PROFIT (1049 – 1050 – 1051 – 1052 + $1053 - 1054$) ≥ 0	1055		0	0
	U. NET LOSS ($1050 - 1049 + 1051 + 1052 - 1053 + 1054$) ≥ 0	1056		87,054	95,376
	I. NET PROFIT PAYABLE TO MINORITY SHAREHOLDERS	1057		0	0
	II. NET PROFIT PAYABLE TO PARENT COMPANY	1058		0	0
	III. NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MINORITY SHAREHOLDERS	1059		0	0
	IV. NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARENT COMPANY	1060		0	0
	V. EARNINGS PER SHARE			0	0
	1. Basic earnings per share	1061		0	0
	2. Diluted earnings per share	1062		0	0

In <u>Belgrade</u>
Date 20th March 2025

Legal representative
[personal signature]
[round seal with the inscription:
IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS AD BEOGRAD]

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31st DECEMBER 2024

In Belgrade on 20th March 2025

IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS A.D. BEOGRAD Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND ACTIVITY

The company IMO Property Investments a.d. Beograd (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") is a closed joint-stock company founded in 2004 under the name Euroline Retail Services a.d. Beograd, based on the decision issued by the Commercial Court in Belgrade no. XVI-Fi-6822/04. The sole founder was Eurobank-Cards, Kallirois and Lempesi 29, Athens, Greece.

According to the Board of Directors decision dated 15th September 2009, the Company changed its name to IMO Property Investments a.d. Beograd and changed its main activity. The main activity of the Company is the purchase and sale of its own real estate, which includes the purchase and sale of real estate, residential buildings and apartments, non-residential buildings, land and more.

Late in July 2022, all 100% of the Company's share capital was sold by Neu Property Holdings Limited, Nicosia, Cyprus to a new owner Eurobank S.A., Athens, Greece. The Company address is Durmitorska No. 18, Belgrade.

The most recent capital increase took place at the beginning of December 2024. The capital was increased by the sole owner, Eurobank S.A., Athens by RSD 817,570 thousand, i.e. EUR 6,990 thousand on the date of payment, and thereafter the share capital reached the level of RSD 2,933,144 thousand, and the number of shares increased to 20,489.

The Company is registered as a closed joint stock company and is not listed in any stock exchange.

On 31st December 2024, the Company had 6 employees (31st December 2023: 6).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1. Basis of preparation and presentation of the financial statements

The company keeps records and prepares its regular financial statements in accordance with the applicable Law on Accounting ("Official Gazette of the RS", No. 73/2019 and 44/2021 - other law) and other applicable laws and regulations in the Republic of Serbia. For the recognition, valuation, presentation and disclosure of positions in the financial statements, the Company applies the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Entities ("IFRS for SMEs"), which, in terms of the Law on Accounting include the following: International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities , approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), whose translation was established and published by the Ministry of Finance and Economy. The decision of the Ministry of Finance and Economy No. 401-00-3683/2018-16 dated 16th October 2018 determined the translation of the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-Sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), approved and issued by the International Accounting Standards Board – IASB in July 2009, as amended in May 2015. The above translation of IFRS for SMEs is applied from the financial statements that are prepared as of 31st December 2019.

The attached financial statements have been compiled in the format prescribed by the Rulebook on the Content and Layout of the Forms of Financial Statements for Companies, Cooperatives and Entrepreneurs ("Official Gazette of the RS", number 89/2020) and the Rulebook on the Chart of Accounts and the Content of Accounts in the Chart of Accounts for Companies, Cooperatives and Entrepreneurs ("Official Gazette of RS", number 89/2020).

The content and layout of the forms of the financial statements as well as the content of the positions contained in them are not fully in all materially significant respects compliant with the requirements of Section 3 of the IFRS for SMEs "Presentation of financial statements". In addition, certain laws and bylaws in the Republic of Serbia prescribe accounting procedures that in some cases deviate from the requirements of IFRS for SMEs, and the Law on Accounting establishes the dinar as the official reporting and presentation currency of the financial statements.

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

Given the above, the accounting regulations of the Republic of Serbia may deviate from the requirements of the IFRS for SMEs, which may have an impact on the attached financial statements, as defined by Section 3 of the IFRS for SMEs. Accordingly, the attached financial statements may not be considered as financial statements prepared in full compliance with the IFRS for SMEs as defined by the provisions of Section 3 "Presentation of Financial Statements", and in that sense they do not represent financial statements prepared in accordance with the aforementioned financial reporting framework.

2.2. Use of estimates and key assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS for SMEs requires the application of certain key accounting estimates. It also requires Management to use its judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. Areas that require judgment of a greater degree or greater complexity, that is, areas in which assumptions and estimates have material significance for the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

2.3. Going concern principles

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern principle, which implies that the Company will continue to operate in the foreseeable future.

The Company realized a net loss in the amount of RSD 87,054 thousand for the year ending on 31st December 2024, (for the year ended on 31st December 2023, the loss amounted to RSD 95,376 thousand), while on that date the total assets of the Company exceed the total liabilities by the amount of RSD 710,435 thousand (31st December 2023, the total liabilities of the Company exceeded the total assets by the amount of RSD 19,861 thousand).

The main reason for the incurred loss arises from the Company's strategy aimed at selling a large part of the investment property portfolio, as part of a long-term business plan aimed at its complete sale. Due to such an approach, certain transactions can be realized at a higher discount, which is reflected in the financial result.

As of 31st December 2024, the Company is almost entirely financed from capital, given the liabilities from loans to related parties were repaid in full at the end of December 2024. As stated in note 17, in 2024, the parent company began negotiations on a possible sale to a new owner, which have not yet been completed, and which are expected to be finalized by the end of the second quarter of 2025.

Additionally, the Company's shareholders were informed about the Company's financial position as of 31st December 2024, and the financial result presented in the income statement for the year ending on that day.

The shareholders gave the Company a Letter of Support confirming the current policy of providing continuous financial and other support to the Company. Also, in the Letter of Support, the shareholders express their intention to support the Company's operations in the foreseeable future, and at least for a period of 12 months from the date of signing the Company's financial statements.

The Company's management believes that these circumstances do not indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue operating in accordance with the going concern principle.

2.4. Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared based on the historical cost principle except for investment property and property under construction where the basis for measurement is fair value.

IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS A.D. BEOGRAD Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

2.5. Comparatives

The accounting policies and estimates related to the recognition and valuation of assets and liabilities used in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with the accounting policies and estimates applied in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year 2023.

2.6. Foreign currency translation

a) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates valid on the day of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the end of the year are recognized in the income statement. Assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates valid on the balance sheet date, and exchange rate differences are recognized in the income statement.

b) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency").

The financial statements are presented in Serbian dinars (RSD), which is the functional and presentation currency. All stated numerical values are presented in thousands of dinars (000 RSD), unless otherwise stated.

The applied exchange rates on the balance sheet date are as follows:

Currency	31st December 2024	31st December 2023
EUR	117.0149	117.1737

2.7. Revenue recognition

The company earned income from the sale of investment property, from the rental of the same, as well as from the interest on a short-term term deposit with the bank. The services are provided according to the provisions of the Agreement concluded between the Company and customers, and/or tenants, as well as based on the Agreement with the commercial bank. Revenues are recognized at the value received or to be received, in the net amount after deduction of given discounts and value added tax.

2.8. Expense recognition

a) Interest expenses

Interest expenses are recognized as financial expenses for received loans using the nominal interest rate method.

b) Other expenses

Other expenses are recognized as expenses incurred in the Company's continuing operations during the accounting period, regardless of the moment of payment and they concurrently result in reduced assets or increased liabilities.

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

2.9. Income tax

Current income tax is the amount that is calculated and paid in accordance with the tax regulations applicable in the Republic of Serbia. The tax authorities determine the estimated monthly advance income tax installments that are paid in advance, on a monthly basis.

Income tax at the rate of 15% (2023: 15%) is payable based on the annual profit disclosed in the Tax Balance Sheet. In order to obtain the amount of taxable profit, the accounting profit is adjusted for certain permanent differences and is reduced for certain investments made during the year. The annual tax balance sheet is submitted by 30th June of the following year. The company calculated tax effects based on the Law on Corporate Income Tax. The Company has not completed the transfer pricing study, but the management believes that this will not materially affect the result for the year 2024.

Deferred income tax is calculated and recognized as temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their book values in the financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and the amounts disclosed for reporting purposes, which will result in taxable amounts for future periods. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be sufficient to enable the realization (utilization) of deductible temporary differences, unutilized tax assets and unutilized tax losses.

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in the income statement of the current period.

2.10. Investment property

Investment property is real estate, land, buildings, or part of a building or both that are held for the purpose of generating rental income or capital appreciation or both and are not used by the Company. Investment property is recognized as an asset when it is probable that future economic benefits that are associated with the property will flow to the entity, and the costs of the property can be reliably measured. Before the Company completes the legal procedure of obtaining access to the respective property, the incurred expenditures are presented as prepayments for the acquisition of investment property. Upon obtaining access to the property, it is reclassified from Investment property under construction to Investment property.

After the initial recognition at cost, the investment property, whose fair value can be measured reliably without excessive cost or effort, is measured at fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

The acquisition costs of the purchased investment property include its purchase price and all directly attributable expenditure. Directly attributable expenditure includes, for example, fees for professional legal services, ownership transfer fees and other transaction costs. When a purchased property requires further development to be ready for further sale, the property may be treated as qualifying assets, and the related borrowing costs may not be capitalized. The costs of repairs and maintenance are included in the expense of the period in which they were incurred and are recognized in the income statement.

2.11. Property, plant, and equipment (other than investment property)

Property, plant, and equipment (other than investment property) are recognized at cost upon initial recognition. After initial recognition, property, plant, and equipment (other than investment property) are measured at cost less accumulated impairment and any accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the cost of the asset or are recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that further economic benefit associated with the asset will flow to the Company and its cost can be reliably measured. All other ongoing maintenance costs are charged to the income statement of the period in which they were incurred.

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

Borrowing costs incurred in the construction of each asset that meets the recognition criteria are capitalized over the period of time required for the asset to be completed and ready for use. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expenses.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (other than investment property) is calculated using the straight-line method in order to allocate their cost or revalued amount to their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Description	2024	2023
Computer and telecommunication equipment	30%	30%
Cars under operating lease	20%	20%
Fittings and equipment	15%	15%
Furniture,	10%	10%
Buildings	2.5%	2.5%

The asset's residual value and useful life are reviewed, and adjusted, if necessary, at each balance sheet date. If the Company expects to utilize the asset until the expiration of its useful life, the residual value amounts to zero. The residual value and useful life of the asset are estimated and adjusted, if appropriate, at the balance sheet date.

Gains and losses on the disposal of assets are determined as the difference between the cash inflow and the carrying value and are recognized in the income statement.

2.12. Advances

Given advances represent payments made in advance for liabilities from continuing operations or acquisition of assets. They are recognized in the gross paid amounts (inclusive of tax). After the delivery of goods or the performance of services and the receipt of an adequate accounting document, the advances paid are used to close the accounts payable.

Received advances represent pre-paid rental services or parts of the sale price for property whose time schedule of payment is determined by sales contracts. They are recognized in the gross paid amounts (inclusive of tax). After the service has been performed or after the final payment of the entire amount under the sales contract, and the delivery of an adequate accounting document, the advances received are used to close the accounts receivable.

2.13. Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets into loans and receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The Company recognizes financial assets only when it becomes one of the contractual parties in a financial instrument. Financial assets cease to be recognized when the contractual right has expired or the right to cash inflows based on that asset has been transferred and when the Company has transferred all risks and benefits arising from the ownership of the financial asset.

2.13.1. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less provisions for impairment. Provisions for impairment of receivables is carried out when it is certain that the Company will not be able to collect the entire amount of loans and receivables. The amount of the provisions for impairment is the difference between the initial trade receivables and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. When a receivable is uncollectible, it is written off and the expense is recognized in the income statement in the period in which it was incurred. Any subsequent recoveries of already written off receivables is credited to profit in the income statement of the period when it occurred.

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

2.13.2. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are recognized in nominal amounts and include cash on hand and funds in dinar and foreign currency current accounts with banks.

2.14. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing financial liabilities begin to be amortized with any difference between cost and redemption value recognized in the income statement over the period of the financial liability based on the nominal interest rate.

2.15. Trade payables and other accounts payable

Trade payables are the obligations to pay to suppliers for goods or services that have been received in the ordinary course of business. Trade payables and other accounts payable are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortized cost.

2.16. Provisions

All provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the Company's management.

2.17. Operating lease accounting

Assets leased under operating lese are included in investment property. Rental income (net of any incentive given to lessees) is recognized in the income statement over the entire lease term.

3. KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Management makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the actual results. The estimates and assumptions that contain the risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year will be discussed below.

a) Estimates of fair value of investment property and investment property under construction

The fair value model for investment property and investment property under construction in accordance with IFRS for SMEs is in use. In order to reflect the true market condition on the day of drawing up the balance sheet, assessments are made by licensed appraisers. Fair value is the value at which the sale of real estate can be concluded between informed, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. A willing seller is not a seller under pressure who will sell the property at whatever price.

The best evidence of fair value is the current price in an active market for a similar property or lease. In the absence of such information, the Company determines the amount within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. The current practice of the Company is to use the services of external appraisers for this purpose, when it identifies indicators of change in the fair value in the market in which it operates. The fair value estimates by external appraisers are based on:

- Current price in an active market for properties of different nature, condition and location adjusted to reflect those differences.
- 2. The most recent price for a similar property in a less active market, adjusted to reflect changes in any economic conditions since the date of the transaction that occurred at those prices;

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

3. A discounted cash flow projections based on a reliable estimates of future cash flows, derived from the terms of any existing lease or contracts and (where possible) from external records such as current market rents for similar properties in a similar location and in a similar condition, and using a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of uncertainty in the amount and timing of cash flows.

The Company performs fair value assessment of investment property and investment property under construction at the end of each reporting period. The assessment is not done in cases where real estate was purchased during the current year, so the purchase value is considered the fair value for that year, as well as in cases where on 31st December the sale of property is probable in the short term.

b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company monitors and annually evaluates the carrying amount of property, plant, and equipment (other than investment property) and assesses whether there is a need to depreciate these assets in its books of accounts. If there is an indication that an asset is impaired, the recoverable amount of that asset is estimated in order to determine the amount of impairment. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be lower than the value at which that asset is carried, the existing value of that asset is reduced to the amount of its recoverable value. Impairment considerations require management to make judgments about the cash flows, growth rates, and discount rates for the cash-generating units being considered.

c) Useful life of property, plant, and equipment (other than investment property)

The determination of the useful life is based on previous experience with similar assets, as well as on anticipated technical developments and changes influenced by a number of economic or industrial factors. The adequacy of the determined useful life is reviewed on an annual basis or whenever there is an indication that there has been a significant change in the factors that were the basis for determining the useful life.

4. OPERATING INCOME

Total	5.	
Income from valuation adjustment of assets (other than financial)	14,343	10,686
Other operating income	11,747	12,016
Income from sale in domestic market	71,452	516,211
	2024	2023

Income from the sale of goods in the domestic market refers to income from the sale of property, while other operating income relates to rental income. Income from valuation adjustment of assets (other than financial) relates to the positive effects of fair value assessment of investment property. Change compared to the previous year largely relates to the sale of one investment property in March 2023. This sale had the major effect on the achieved operating income and operating expenses in 2023.

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

5. OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses relate to:

<u> </u>	2024	2023
Cost of goods sold	87,104	526,660
Cost of material, fuel and energy	687	372
Costs of salaries, benefits and other personnel expenses	17,531	18,323
Costs of production services	6,636	6,482
Depreciation and amortization costs	1,701	1,258
Costs of valuation of assets (other than financial assets)	27,928	29,115
Provision expenses	40	38
Intangible expenses	13,611	16,759
Total	155,238	599,007

The cost of goods sold relates to the cost of sold investment property. The most significant component of this expenditure for the year 2023 is the cost of sold investment property.

Costs of salaries, benefits and other personnel expenses relate to:

	2024	2023
	14,388	15,361
Gross salaries and benefits		
Taxes and salary contributions	2,180	2,171
Other	963	791
Total	17,531	18,323

6. FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES

	2024	2023
Familian and a second and the second	2.120	0.545
Foreign exchange gains and positive currency clause effects	3,138	2,565
Interest income	2,184	2,478
Financial income	5,322	5,043
Foreign exchange losses and negative currency clause effects	(2,748)	(1,569)
Interest expenses	(34,648)	(47,832)
Financial expenses	(37,396)	(49,401)
Financial loss	(32,074)	(44,358)

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

7. INCOME TAX

(a) Deferred tax income and expenses of the period

	2024	2023
Deferred tax income of the period	1,571	8,783
Deferred tax expenses of the period	-	-
Total	1,571	8,783
(b) Adjustment of effective tax rate		
	2024	2023
Loss before tax	(88,625)	(104,159)
Adjustment for tax depreciation	(16,851)	(20,769)
Adjustment for asset impairment expenses	27,929	29,115
Transfer pricing effects	-	4,445
Interest on loan above the four-times value of own equity	-	43,235
Other tax adjustments	(25,109)	(31,778)
Profit/loss under tax balance sheet	(102,656)	(79,911)
Utilized previous year loss	-	-
Tax charged at the rate of 15%	-	_
Effective tax rate	0%	0%
(c) Changes in deferred tax liabilities		
	2024	2023
Balance as at 1st January	(10,528)	(19,312)
Changes in deferred taxes for the period	1,570	8,783
Balance as at 31st December	(8,958)	(10,528)

Temporary differences arose as a difference between the tax and accounting value of investment property and fixed assets and the recognition of deferred tax liabilities on those grounds has been made.

At the end of 2024, the Company has losses, reported through the tax balance sheets, that are not recognized in the amount of RSD 797,156 thousand and can be utilized by 2029.

As at 31st December 2024, the Company did not recognize deferred tax assets due to uncertainty as to whether there will be sufficient taxable profit in future periods.

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(i) Buildings and plant and equipment

	Buildings	Computers	Other plant and equipment	Intangible assets	Total
COST					
Balance as at 1st January 2023	28,030	70	957	88	29,145
Purchases	-	1,141	106	1,637	2,885
Balance as at 31st December 2023	28,030	1,211	1,063	1,725	32,029
Purchases	-	119			119
Balance as at 31st December 2024	28,030	1,330	1,064	1,725	32,148
IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCE					
Balance as at 1st January 2023	(7,215)	(70)	(724)	(17)	(8,026)
Depreciation	(647)	(29)	(82)	(68)	(826)
Balance as at 31st December 2023	(7,862)	(99)	(806)	(85)	(8,852)
Depreciation	(648)	(363)	(101)	(518)	(1,630)
Balance as at 31st December 2024	(8,510)	(462)	(907)	(603)	(10,482)
Present value as at 31st December 2023	20,168	1,112	257	1,640	23,177
Present value as at 31st December 2024	19,520	868	156	1,122	21,666

(ii) Investment property and property, plant and equipment under construction and leased equipment

Total	556,347	654,487
Leased equipment		72
Assets under construction	27,966	23,318
Investment property	528,381	631,097
	31/12/2024	31/12/2023

Assets under construction relate to property that the Company has not yet taken possession of but based on which the Company estimates that there is a probability that future economic benefits associated with such property will flow to the Company. As of the date of obtaining possession, it will be reclassified into Investment property.

As of 31st December 2024, the total value of property, including assets under construction, totals RSD 556,347 thousand (31st December 2023: RSD 654,415 thousand) and consists of 80 properties owned by the Company (31st December 2023: 89 properties). The value of the property was determined in accordance with estimates not older than one year, except in cases where on 31st December the sale of property in the short term is certain, as well as for property acquired during the year, estimates were not made because the cost is considered fair value. At the end of 2024, the company had 20 rental contracts concluded for a period of up to 1 year, with an expected annual income of EUR 78,540, as well as 2 contracts concluded from 1 to 3 years, for which the expected annual income is EUR 17,676.

For three buildings with a total carrying value of RSD 44,348 thousand as of 31st December 2024, and due to ongoing disputes and processes, the Company is unable to complete the registration until they are completed. The Company has control over the above property.

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

The Company is the sole owner of all investment property in its portfolio and has control over all property classified as such. As of 31st December 2024, the Company has no encumbrance on real estate.

Table of changes in Investment property

	Investment property
Balance as at 1st January 2023	1,166,185
Increases based on change in value	10,686
Decreases based on sale	(517,392)
Decreases based on change in value	(28,382)
Balance as at 31st December 2023	631,097
Increases based on change in value	12,316
Decreases based on sale	(87,104)
Decreases based on change in value	(27,928)
Fair value as at 31st December 2024	528.381

Table of changes in investment property under construction

	Investment property under
	construction
Balance as at 1st January 2023	33,320
Decreases based on activation and sale	(9,268)
Decreases based on change in value	(734)
Balance as at 31st December 2023	23,318
Increases based on change in value	4,648
Fair value as at 31st December 2024	27,966

9. CASH EQUIVALENTS AND CASH

	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
Current account	54,962	39,004
Cash on hand	4	17
Foreign currency account	910	48,032
Total	55,876	87,053

10. SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

As at 31st December 2024, the Company had two short-term financial investments:

	31/12/2024	31/12/2023
Eurobank Direktna a.d. Beograd	89,731	
Total	89,731	-

One deposit is in the amount of RSD 40,000 thousand and the other in the amount of EUR 425 thousand (RSD 49,731 thousand). The last term-depositing for both deposits happened on 31st October with a maturity of 3 months (until 31st January 2025).

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

The term deposits were with Eurobank Direktna a.d. Beograd and were re-deposited from March to July every month at rates of 3.5% for RSD and 1.5% for EUR deposits. From August, fixed term depositing was for 3 months with interest rates of 4.5% for RSD and 2.5% for EUR deposit. On 31st December 2023, there were no short-term financial investments, but during the year, 15-day fixed term depositing was made for deposits in the amount of RSD 450,000 thousand at a rate of 0.75%.

11. EQUITY

	Share capital	Accumulated loss	Total
Palance of at 1st Ionsyamy 2022	2,115,574	(2,040,036)	75,538
Balance as at 1st January 2023	2,113,374	(23)	
Actuarial gains		` '	(23)
Profit/loss of the period		(95,376)	(95,376)
Balance as at 31st December 2023	2,115,574	(2,135,435)	(19,861)
Actuarial gains	=	(220)	(220)
Profit/loss of the period	=	(87,054)	(87,054)
Recapitalization	817,570	-	817,570
Balance as at 31st December 2024	2,933,144	(2,222,709)	710,435

In mid-December 2024, recapitalization was carried out by Eurobank Ergasias S.A. in the amount of RSD 817,570 thousand, so that on 31st December 2024, the total number of ordinary shares is 20,489 (31st December 2023: 14,778 shares) at a nominal value of RSD 143,157 per share (31st December 2023: RSD 143,157 per share). All issued shares are fully paid.

12. CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The total amount of current financial liabilities relates to.

	2024	2023
Eurobank Cyprus LTD		766,334
Total		766,334

The maturity of a short-term loan from Eurobank Cyprus LTD in the amount of EUR 6,500 thousand, with a variable interest rate and due on 31st December 2024, was extended in January 2024 until 31st January 2025, which made it a non-current financial liability with a repayment term of 13 months. The loan was fully repaid early at the end of December with funds from the recapitalization that took place in the middle of the same month. The interest rate ranged from 3.912% to 4.902% per annum.

13. RECEIVED ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND GUARANTEE DEPOSITS

	2024	2023
	071	1 121
Received advances and deposits for rented investment property	971	1,131
Received advances for sold investment property	5,030	9,951
Other advances, incorrect payments	23	7
Total	6,024	11,089

Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

14. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is a daughter company of Eurobank S.A., a member of the Eurobank Group.

Related parties include associates, subsidiaries, directors, their next of kin, companies they own or control, and companies whose financial and operating policies they can influence. Transactions of a similar nature are disclosed in the aggregate. All related party transactions are carried out in the ordinary course of business. Eurobank Direktna a.d. Beograd ceased to be a related entity of the Company at the end of October 2023 due to the sale to AIK Bank a.d. Beograd. All disclosed amounts of transactions with Eurobank Direktna a.d. Beograd refer to the period until 31st October 2023.

The related-party transactions for the year ended on 31st December 2024 are presented in the table below:

	Eurobank Cyprus LTD	
Total income	-	
Expenses		
Interest expenses	34,647	
Total expenses	34,647	

Related-party transactions for the year ended on 31st December 2023 are presented in the table below:

	Eurobank Direktna a.d.	Eurobank Cyprus LTD
Liabilities		
Short-term EUR loans abroad	-	761,629
Interest liabilities	*	4,705
Total liabilities		766,334
Income		
Interest income	2,477	_
Income from services	1,668	
Total income	4,145	_
Expenses		
Interest expenses	·-	47,817
Fee expenses	210	
Total expenses	210	47,817

15. RECONCILIATION OF RECEIVABLES AND LIABILITIES

The Company reconciled its receivables and liabilities as at 30 November 2024. There were no significant noncompliant receivables and liabilities.

IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS A.D. BEOGRAD Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st December 2024

All amounts are expressed in 000 RSD, unless stated otherwise

16. CONTINGENCIES

In its ordinary course of business, the Company was involved in court procedures or arbitrations. There are five pending court cases against the Company, where the amount of the claim has not been determined for two cases due to the fact that the claims under the lawsuits for the subject of the claim include determining the nullity of the contract on the purchase and sale of real estate, determining coownership of the real estate, declaring inadmissibility of enforcement and similar property-legal claims concerning real estate. Based on the Management's assessment, for the period ending on 31st December 2024, there are no contingencies that the Company expects to be material.

17. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

In 2024, the parent company started negotiations with a potential buyer regarding the sale of the Company, the completion of which is expected in the second quarter of 2025.

In Belgrade, 20th March 2025

Legal representative

[personal signature]

Violeta Đorđević CEO

[round seal with the inscription: IMO PROPERTY INVESTMENTS AD, BEOGRAD]

(end of translation).....

I, the undersigned sworn-in court translator according to the Decision of the Ministry of Justice No.740-06-197/2002-04 from 02 October 2002, certify hereby that this translation into English is fully true to the original text written in the Serbian language.

In Belgrade, 24 March 2025

Milena Kovačević), B.A., sworn- in Court translator for English, Swedish and Slovenian



