

# **GLOBAL & REGIONAL DAILY**

## November 20, 2023

### **Global markets**

The spreading view that the Federal Reserve is at the end of its tightening cycle and will soon pivot towards easing monetary policy is continuing to weigh on the dollar, with the DXY index today falling 0.3% to 103.61 – its lowest level since August. The index has now fallen 3.2% since its 2023 high on October 3, while the EUR/USD has appreciated 4.4% during the same period. Weaker than expected data for US October housing starts on Friday hasn't shaken this easing narrative, which was partly driven by soft inflation data earlier last week. The market implied probability of any more Fed rate hikes this cycle now stands at just 2%, while probability of a cut by the FOMC's May 2024 meeting stands at 72%. The market has fully priced in a cut by the June 2024 meeting. Last week's rally in sovereign bonds – which saw the yield on 10yr USTs drop 22bps – will be tested today in an auction of 20yr USTs, providing a gauge of investor confidence that the rally has momentum. The yield on 10yr USTs rose 4bps to 4.47% in early trading today.

#### Greece

The government's forecast regarding the growth rate of fixed investments next year stands currently at 15.1%, revised upwards by 3ppts compared to the Draft Budget forecast made public in early October, stated Finance Minister Kostis Hatzidakis on an interview at the Athens–Macedonian News Agency published yesterday. He also said that the upcoming mild tax reform aims to increase revenue from income taxes on the self-employed to 1.1%–1.2% of GDP from 0.8% currently, bringing this figure closer to the EU27 average (2.1%). On the inflation front, the annual growth rate of the Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) rebounded to 3.8% in Oct-23 from 2.4% in Sep-23 on the back of increasing food prices, exceeding the corresponding EA20 average for the first time in twelve months, according to the final data published by Eurostat. On the contrary, core inflation (change in HICP excluding energy, food, alcohol, and tobacco) declined to 3.6% from 4.2% in Sep-23, remaining below the EA20 average of 4.2%.

#### CESEE

Bulgaria's budget bill draft for 2024 envisages a 2.9% of GDP deficit under the key assumptions that GDP growth will increase to 3.2% from 1.8% projected in 2023 and average inflation will slow to 4.8%, from 9.1% this year, falling below 3% by year-end. The fiscal target set for 2024 is almost the same as the 3% of GDP targeted deficit in 2023. The budget execution up to October posted a BGN1.4bn deficit, which translates to a 0.8% of GDP deficit with room up to 3% until year-end. However, in absolute numbers it is a significant deterioration compared to the BGN4.8bn surplus in the same period of the previous year. Conditions in the labour market in the country continued to remain tight during Q32023 as the unemployment rate dropped to 4.0% from 4.6% in the previous quarter. Elsewhere in the region, Slovakia's A+ confirmation from the S&P with the outlook kept stable stands out. Following the spree of GDP flash estimates last week, this week's calendar is rather lightweight with Hungary's MPC meeting tomorrow being the highlight.

#### **Contributing Authors:**

Marcus Bensasson Research Economist mbensasson@eurobank.gr Dr. Theodoros Rapanos Research Economist trapanos@eurobank.gr Maria Kasola Research Economist mkasola@eurobank.gr

## **Eurobank Research**



## **Research Team**



**Dr. Tasos Anastasatos |** Group Chief Economist tanastasatos@eurobank.gr | + 30 214 40 59 706



Marcus Bensasson Research Economist <u>mbensasson@eurobank.gr</u> + 30 214 40 65 113



Maria Kasola Research Economist <u>mkasola@eurobank.gr</u> + 30 214 40 63 453



Symeoni – Eleni Soursou Junior Economic Analyst <u>ssoursou@eurobank.gr</u> + 30 214 40 65 120



Dr. Dimitrios Exadaktylos Economic Analyst <u>v-dexadaktylos@eurobank.gr</u> + 30 214 40 63 449



Paraskevi Petropoulou Senior Economist ppetropoulou@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 455



Dr. Theodoros Stamatiou Senior Economist tstamatiou@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 708



Dr. Stylianos Gogos Research Economist sgogos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 456



Dr. Theodoros Rapanos Research Economist trapanos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 711



Michail Vassileiadis Research Economist <u>mvassileiadis@eurobank.gr</u> + 30 214 40 59 709

More available research at: https://www.eurobank.gr/en/group/economic-research Subscribe electronically at: https://www.eurobank.gr/el/omilos/oikonomikes-analuseis/forma-ekdilosis-endiaferontos Follow us on twitter: https://twitter.com/Eurobank\_Group Follow us on LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/company/eurobank

#### DISCLAIMER

This report has been issued by Eurobank S.A. ("Eurobank") and may not be reproduced in any manner or provided to any other person. Each person that receives a copy by acceptance thereof represents and agrees that it will not distribute or provide it to any other person. This report is not an offer to buy or sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell the securities mentioned herein. Eurobank and others associated with it may have positions in, and may effect transactions in securities of companies mentioned herein and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking services for those companies. The investments discussed in this report may be unsuitable for investors, depending on the specific investment objectives and financial position. The information contained herein is for informative purposes only and has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but it has not been verified by Eurobank. The opinions expressed herein may not necessarily coincide with those of any member of Eurobank. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is made as to the accuracy, completeness, correctness, timeliness of the information or opinions herein, all of which are subject to change without notice. No responsibility or liability whatsoever or howsoever arising is accepted in relation to the contents hereof by Eurobank or any of its directors, officers or employees. Any articles, studies, comments etc. reflect solely the views of the ir author. Any unsigned notes are deemed to have been produced by the editorial team. Any articles, studies, comments etc. that are signed by members of the editorial team express the personal views of their author.

